

## **Theme 4**

### **Pottery in Anatolia**

#### **A TYPE OF POLYCHROME DERIVATIVE ZEUXIPPUS WARE FROM EXCAVATIONS AT KYME (TURKEY)**

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Communication Type: Poster

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The excavations of the Italian Archaeological Expedition at Kyme, on the Aegean coast of Turkey, have revealed a castle built on the harbour front. The castle is documented by the end of the twelfth century to 1413. The pottery from the castle is of many types, mostly local, but also imported.

Among the Byzantine glazed ceramics, the group most common is the wide Zeuxippus family. In this report the author illustrates the ceramic Zeuxippus derivative; this is divided into two classes and five types. The author examines in particular one type of polychrome derivative Zeuxippus ware, locally produced, dating from the last quarter of the thirteenth century to the second half of the fourteenth century, focusing its connections in the area around the Aegean Sea.